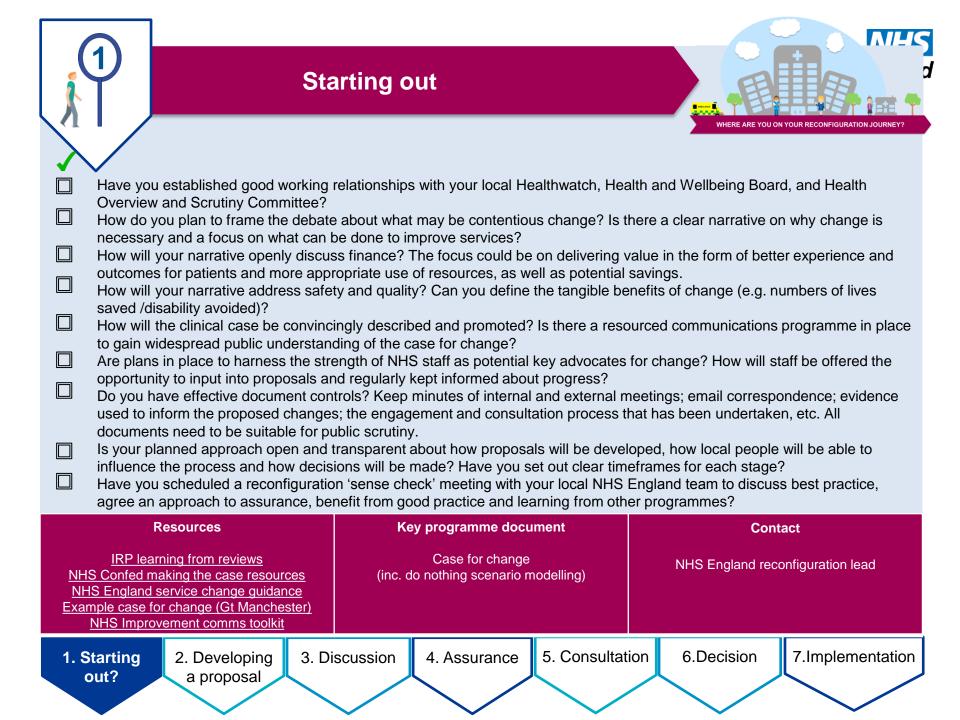


Key questions to ask and resources





Developing a proposal



	 Be mindful of potential challenge. Ensure properly followed and decisions are doed how to develop a clinically-driven case primary and secondary care clinical advectinicians engaged in shaping service rest to take on leadership roles? Consider clinical or outcome based state service models driven by site specific center to the consider driven by site specific center and outcomes How can patients help to co-produce of Engaging patients in redesigning service likely that reconfiguration will succeed if experience and outcomes Engage early with NHS England (inc. Or including considering the 4 tests for service decision making processes? A legal vie consultation may also be helpful at this Are proposals developed in the context integration of services and aligned with programmes (e.g. UEC, 7 day services) 	cumented. for change, using vocates? How might edesign be supported ndards rather than onsiderations. hange proposals? ces makes it more in delivering better Clinical Senate) vice change and the governance and ew on the approach to stage. t of a broader vision of n other key		 Have the interdependencies with other services, organisations or areas (e.g. neighbouring areas/orgs; ambulance; community; MH and specialised services) been thoroughly mapped? Have all options been considered including a do nothing scenario? How can proposals be framed in terms of potential gains rather than losses/closures? Consider the narrative and language to describe what's being proposed and why. Have you considered engage stakeholders/public to help draw up decision making or hurdle criteria? These criteria can then be used to shortlist options. Is there a clear analysis of the travel and transport implications of the proposals including any proposed mitigating actions. Have you taken account of choice, procurement and competition issues? In addition to ensuring proposed changes improve quality and patient choice and do not create health inequalities, plans must take account of the public duties of the Equality Act 2010 (s.149). 			
Resources <u>NHS England service change guidance</u> (including the four tests for service change and bed closures test)		Key programm Draft pre-consultation			Cont NHS England rec Clinical Sena	onfiguration lead	
Ĺ	1. Starting Out? 2. Developing a proposal 3. Discussion 4. Assurance 5. Consultation 6.Decision 7.Implementation						



Discussion



- Are you content that your proposals meet the four tests for service change and the bed closures test and have you had initial discussions with NHS England? In which case formal discussion with the local authority should be undertaken.
- Have you formalised your engagement with local authority Health Scrutiny Boards and Health and Wellbeing Boards, to agree their roles in the process and the regularity of ongoing discussions? There is a legal duty to consult local authority scrutiny functions in respect of major service changes (on a final set of proposals) but it is also good practice to involve them in the development of proposals earlier in the process. Engagement with Health and Wellbeing Boards is not a requirement but is good practice and their feedback can be complementary to the discussions with health scrutiny.
- Have you completed your stakeholder mapping (to include stakeholders, staff, patients and the public) and used this to inform a communications and engagement strategy? This might include beginning to discuss/test emerging proposals with key stakeholders and using their feedback to iterate the proposed approach.
- Have you had the appropriate discussions with health and social care organisations to establish the interfaces of your proposals with the wider health system, for example with neighbouring areas, specialised services, community, mental health or ambulance providers? Do you require changes to the way in which they interact with your services? Are you fully sighted on their future plans and have you taken any of their change proposals into account when planning your own programme?
- Are arrangements in place to correct any inaccuracy / misrepresentation of the programme quickly and consistently?

Resources			Key programme document			Contact		
NHS England service change guidance NHS England service change toolkit Business case guidance			Pre-cor	Pre-consultation business case (final) NHS England reconfiguration Clinical Senate manag				
1. Starting Out?	2. Developing a proposal	3. Dis	scussion	4. Assurance	5. Consultatio	on 6.Decision	7.Implementation	

		ssurance	WHERE ARE YOU ON YOUR RECONFIGURATION JOURNEY?						
	Have you developed a pre-consultation business case with the financial, activity and workforce implications clearly described and triangulated? In which case the next step is to work with NHS England to provide stakeholders, staff and the public with confidence in the proposals and to mitigate the risks of successful challenge.								
		e that assurance of service change is rarely osals to be amended as new ideas are brow							
	 other factors may require initial proposals to be amended as new ideas are brought forward? Does your pre-consultation programme timeline provide appropriate time for NHS England's assurance process to de-risk 								
		essful challenge (be it via a referral to SoS o n NHS England an assurance approach that							
	bed closures test and good practice	to provide evidence for assurance against the standards? This helps to minimise risks and urance process will help to inform next steps	gives stakeholders confidence in the						
	 programme. Feedback from the assurance process will help to inform next steps. Are the proposed models predicated on capital availability – if so has this been tested and can we be clear how the assurance and capital approval processes align? 								
	Resources	Key programme documents	Contact						
NHS England service change guidance and toolkit – your reconfiguration lead can share a copy.		Evidence for assurance (inc. draft consultation document and communications plan) NHS England assurance feedback	NHS England reconfiguration lead Clinical Senate manager						
1.	Starting 2. Developing 3. D Out? a proposal	iscussion 4. Assurance 5. Consultati	on 6.Decision 7.Implementation						



Consultation



Before undertaking consultation have you:

carefully considered the timing of the consultation in light
of wider factors such as electoral cycles

- an effective communications and media (inc. social media) handling plan that articulates clearly and consistently the case for change and frames the proposals in terms of gain;
- a detailed plan for reaching all groups who will be interested in the change (inc. staff engagement plans); and
- clear and compelling information on the range of options being tested, that is accessible.
- Consult at the appropriate stage in the process. The consultation must be able to inform the key decision(s).
- How can you ensure discussions are open with the public invited to share their views on the range of possible solutions and any alternatives, and to validate the decision making criteria?
- How will you maximise use of clinical spokespeople and have they received media training?

- How will you communicate, explaining all options clearly, in plain English, and present them objectively? If money is an issue, will you be upfront about costs and their impact on resources and services? Any figures must be based on sound calculations that will withstand public scrutiny.
- Consider whether your consultation document needs to be in different languages, easy-read versions or communicated in ways that engage hard-to-reach groups or minorities who might be affected by any change
- Are you planning to use the full range of channels to engage with public and invite responses? What about hard to reach groups and those with a particular interest in the services in question?
- How will you monitor the consultation process (including on social media), address concerns and rebut inaccuracies?

How can you tailor your consultation process and messages to avoid prejudicing or pre-empting a decision?

Resources		Key programme document			Contact			
 <u>Cabinet Office consultation guidance</u> <u>The Gunning principles for consultation</u> <u>Healthier Together consultation document</u> <u>NHS Confed doc</u> 		Co	Consultation document and plan		NHS England reconfiguration lead / comms and engagement colleagues			
1. Starting Out?	2. Developing a proposal	3. Dis	scussion	4. Assurance	5. Consultati	ion	6.Decision	7.Implementation

	6	Decision		VHERE ARE YOU ON YOUR RECONFIGURATION JOURNEY?			
	Have you ensured the decision mak are legally robust?	ing process (including the papers a	and information on whi	ich a decision will be based)			
	Can you demonstrate to stakeholded decisions in public?	rs that the whole change process is	s clear and transparen	nt, including making the key			
	Will you make sure that consultation alternative proposals put forward du criteria as the initial options?	•	•				
How will CCGs be able to show that they have taken account of the views of the public, patients and/or their representatives in coming to a decision? How did the views expressed in the consultation inform the final decision? How will the decision be communicated to relevant stakeholders and partners?							
<u>Exa</u>	Resources mple_decision making documents from Gt <u>Manchester</u>	Key programme document Independent analysis of consultation Decision making business case	facellast	Contact England reconfiguration lead			
1.	Starting 2. Developing 3. D Out? a proposal	iscussion 4. Assurance 5.	Consultation 6.De	ecision 7.Implementation			

7 Impl	ementation	WHERE ARE YOU ON YOUR RECONFIGURATION JOURNEY?
 programme should proceed toward and may seek further assurances fr Have resources been identified to d changes will be taken forward, when implementation plans (e.g. covering need to include the appropriate cap monitored? Are arrangements in place so the probundary issues which may emerged. How do you plan to maintain comm 	I following public consultation and agreement implementation. NHS England local teams wi om the programme. evelop a programme implementation plan? T in and by whom. Individual organisations may the construction or redesign of specific parts ital and/or procurement processes . Are key r rogramme can remain mindful of potential clir e or continue to develop during the implement unications with public and stakeholders? and communicated to demonstrate progress?	ill be available to offer ongoing support his should set out how the detailed need to maintain their own detailed of the hospital estate) which was also milestones identified so progress can be
Resources Example implementation plan from Gt Manchester	Key document Programme implementation plan	Contact NHS England reconfiguration lead
1. Starting Out?2. Developing a proposal3. D	viscussion 4. Assurance 5. Consultation	on 6.Decision 7.Implementation